

Total length 1770 mm. ; tail 250.

A single male specimen.

This snake can only be compared with *C. schrenckii*, Strauch, from Corea and Eastern Siberia, but it differs in the number of upper labial shields, the mostly single subcaudals, and in other points of minor importance.

XXII.—*Descriptions of Three new Cyprinid Fishes from East Africa.* By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

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*Labeo gracilis.*

Body strongly compressed, its depth  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to  $4\frac{2}{3}$  times in total length. Head  $4\frac{1}{2}$  times in total length; snout rounded, as long as postocular part of head; eye perfectly lateral,  $3\frac{1}{4}$  times in length of head; interorbital width  $\frac{1}{2}$  length of head; width of mouth, with lips,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  times in length of head; lips rather feebly developed, without transverse plicæ, with a fringe of conical papillæ; edge of rostral flap entire; a small barbel. Dorsal III 10–11, equally distant from nostril and from caudal, upper edge concave, longest ray as long as head. Anal III 5, not reaching caudal. Pectoral slightly shorter than head, not reaching ventral, which is inserted below middle of dorsal. Caudal deeply notched, crescentic. Caudal peduncle once and a half as long as deep. Scales 40–42  $\frac{6\frac{1}{2}}{6\frac{1}{2}}$ , 4 between lateral line and ventral, 16 round caudal peduncle. Dark brown above, whitish beneath.

Total length 120 mm.

Three specimens from the Juba River near Gobwen, collected by Mr. A. Blayney Percival. Types in the British Museum and in the Nairobi Museum.

Allied to *L. mesops*, Gthr., but body more elongate, eye larger, and mouth smaller.

*Barbus procatopus.*

Depth of body equal to length of head,  $3\frac{2}{3}$  to 4 times in total length. Snout rounded, 3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  times in length of head; eye  $3\frac{1}{3}$  to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  times in length of head, interorbital width  $3\frac{2}{3}$  times; mouth inferior, its width 4 times in length of head; lips moderately developed, lower uninterrupted; two barbels on each side, posterior a little longer than anterior and as

long as eye or a little shorter. Dorsal III 8, equally distant from gill-opening and from caudal, border slightly concave; last simple ray very strong, bony, not serrated, as long as head or a little shorter. Anal III 5, reaching caudal or not quite so far. Pectoral  $\frac{3}{4}$  to  $\frac{5}{8}$  length of head, not reaching ventral, the base of which is entirely in front of the vertical of the dorsal. Caudal peduncle twice as long as deep. Scales longitudinally striated, 31-34  $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{5\frac{1}{4}}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  between lateral line and ventral, 12 round caudal peduncle. Brown above, silvery white beneath, scales darker at the base.

Total length 115 mm.

Three specimens from the Amala River, entering the east side of Lake Baringo; collected by Mr. A. Blayney Percival. Types in British Museum and in Nairobi Museum.

Distinguished from *B. gregorii*, Gthr., which occurs also in the Baringo watershed, by the shorter barbels and the more posterior position of the dorsal fin, which originates behind the vertical of the base of the ventral.

#### *Barbus loveridgii*.

Depth of body  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 times in total length, length of head 4 times. Snout rounded, as long as or slightly shorter than eye, which is  $3\frac{1}{4}$  to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  times in length of head; inter-orbital width  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 times in length of head; mouth small, subinferior; lips feeble, two barbels on each side, anterior very short, sometimes rudimentary, posterior  $\frac{2}{5}$  to  $\frac{3}{5}$  diameter of eye. Dorsal III 7, equally distant from occiput and from caudal, border straight; last simple ray strong, bony, very strongly serrated, the stiff part  $\frac{3}{4}$  to  $\frac{4}{5}$  length of head. Anal III 5, not reaching caudal. Pectoral as long as head, reaching or nearly reaching ventral; base of latter entirely in front of vertical of dorsal. Caudal peduncle twice as long as deep. Scales radiately striated, 26-30  $\frac{4\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}}{4\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  between lateral line and ventral, 12 round caudal peduncle. Brownish above, silvery white beneath, some of the scales black at the base; a narrow black lateral streak.

Total length 70 mm.

Several specimens from the Amala River, entering the east side of Lake Baringo; collected by Mr. A. Blayney Percival. Types in British Museum and in Nairobi Museum.

This species, named after Mr. A. Loveridge, Curator of the Nairobi Museum, is most nearly related to *B. lumiensis*, Blgr., also found in the Amala River, differing chiefly in the larger eye and the shorter barbels.